



The evolution of EVN & JIVE

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50 years of VLBI

• I entered the field around 1987

• To change tapes in Westerbork

• So not a complete history from me

• But talk on 'soft' aspects of JIVE + EVN







50 years of VLBI

- Co-evolution of EVN & JIVE
 - When two or more species reciprocally affect each other's evolution
- EVN: European VLBI Network
 - Consortium of (European) Telescopes operators
 - Often national facilities, some universities
- JIVE: Joint Institute for VLBI ERIC
 - Country members, supported by radio-astronomy institutes and research councils
 - NWO (NL), ASTRON (NL), STFC (UK), INAF (IT), ICN-IG (ES), OSO (SE), VIRAC (LV), MPG (DE) CAS (CN), CNRS (FR), NRF (ZA)
 - JIV-ERIC established 20 Dec 2014
 - European Research Infrastructure Consortium
 - Truly European legal entity





IVE Joint Institute for VLBI ERIC







The history of VLBI, EVN, JIVE

- 1967 first VLBI observations, in the US
- 1968 first US-Europe (Sweden) observations
- 1975 first discussions of European VLBI
- 1976 US VLBI Network formed
- 1976 first intra-European VLBI observations
- 1980 European VLBI Network formed
- 1993 Joint Institute for VLBI in Europe (JIVE)
- 1993 US VLB Array opened
- 1997 Japanese space VLBI telescope launched
- 1998 JIVE Data Processor opened, in Dwingeloo
- 2011 Russian space VLBI telescope launched
- 2015 JIVE becomes a European legal entity

First EVN consortium board

Inauguration of JIV-ERIC

Dedication of Mk4 correlator





EVN

• A consortium

- Operating telescopes
- Contributing observing time

• Consortium Board

- Sets strategy
- Agrees to allocate resources

• PC allocates

- Observing time
- Data rights

• Distributed expertise

- Receivers, backends
- Science users
- Links to other facilities

Together: one Research Infrastructure

JIVE



• An institute • Running correlators • Delivering data products • Director overseen by Council • Agree on strategy • Annual budget • Support teams • Hands-on user support • Data quality aspects Centralised development • Correlator modes • Data processing tools • Project definitions

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The succes of EVN+JIVE

• Assume we agree it is a success?

- Stable role, career path of a quite a few astronomers
- steady stream of publications
- solid contributor technology development
- steady funding

• Technology upgrade path Very broad range of science applications • Governance and funding opportunities

• Duality: Nuisance? Fitting? Key to success? • Great, dedicated, diverse people









The people

Distributed community

- With very specific expertise in many places
- Good mix engineering and scientific community
- Across many countries and cultures
 - Has a stabilising effect
 - Is politically correct, with the EC at least

'Myth' of VLBI/EVN is very strong













Technology I

 Increasing use of of-the-shelve components, revolutionising science capabilities

Data sampling and recording

- Transition of tape to disk recording dramatic:
 - Much cheaper recorders
 - Cheaper media
 - More reliable recording
 - Random access at playback
 - Digital tricks more manageable
 - Allowing broadcast of (part of data)
- Digitisers for large bands
 - Bandwidth increasing (gradually)
 - Digital receivers are being introduced

• Data transport, aka e-VLBI

- Fast response science
- The thrill of observing with VLBI
- Most impact: closing the feedback loop
- Now, flexbuffs: best of both worlds

Allowing much more use with same human resource







Technology II

Software methods

- Phase referencing with accurate models and calibration techniques
- Finer sampling of the output data
 - Large FoV, pulsar applications
- Data pipelines with ParselTongue
 - Improving the user experience
- Currently orking on VLBI casa data path

Correlators

- From extremely hard engineering
 - Custom chips
 - Completely synchronous data path
- Increasing flexibility
- Balanced against power consumption
 - Software correlator
 - •Space, pulsars, large field, transients
 - FPGA based correlator

•Large number telescopes applications

δ (J2000)

0







- Association with mas scale accuracy
- Host is a dwarf galaxy at z = 0.19
- Radio source associated with star-forming region
- Offset from centre



Tendulkar et al. 2017













Gravitational lense, McKean et al.









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Galactic longitude (degrees)

Astrometry: maser distances in the CygX region, Rygl et al. 2012



VLBI for Space applications...

RadioAstron

Huygens







Governance EVN & JIVE

• EVN continues to be a loose consortium

- Different observatories operate on different speeds
 - Can be frustrating, indecisive, conservative
- But also low threshold, easy for attracting members
 - Nurtures many different participants
- Existence of JIVE allows EVN to survive like this

• JIVE: the foundation

- Was established 1993
- Ceased to exist 2016
 - •Year overlap
 - Very easy after we transferred all accounts
- Foundation served well initially
 - Easy to establish, room for range of missions
- But had some problems
 - Personal responsibility, maybe liability • Does not work well with international board
 - VAT issue with NWO personnel
 - Anchored at many different levels in various countries









JIVE ERIC, going Brussels

- E.R.I.C.
 - Commitment by countries to facilitate a R.I.
 - Research Infrastructures with European significance
 - In some places mandate with ministries or parliament
 - Blessed by EC
 - But paid by Members

Follow local personnel law

• VAT exemptions may be possible

• For goods owned by the ERIC to do its mission

• Favourable position EC programmes

- Invitations to preparation meetings
- ERIC directly eligible
- Some programmes aimed at European RIS/ESFRI
- Good opportunity
 - To polish up the corporate identity
 - Yes, the logo :-)
 - And table the (national) commitments
 - In a landscape that is SKA dominated





JIV-ERIC

Joint Institute for VLBI (Very Long Baseline Interferometry)

pean Research Infrastructure Consortium

Status NL, FR, SE, UK, ES from the start, 2014 LV joined 2016 **INAF IT, DST SA contributing** And looking for membership CAS CN, MPI DE contributing Not likely to join

European Commission Decision 2014





ERIC, the gory details

- Structure to allow associated institutes
 - •With voting rights on operational matters
 - If they contribute to operational budget
- Relation with EVN
 - Only together we are a Research Infrastructure
- Funding principles
 - Base fee
 - And percentage of local operations cost
 - Pay to get your data correlated
 - Fraction into common infrastructure
- Relation with NWO
 - Needs to employ staff
 - Continuity is important
 - Equal working conditions in ASTRON building
- Ability to do Research & Development
 - Need excellent scientists on staff
 - •Who push and advertise the instrument
 - No explicit R&D budget
 - But ample expertise to keep everything going



- Special clauses in the ERIC Statutes •As well as the Rules of Procedure • MoA's with the associated institutes
- Non standard solution for programme committee and data-rights: adhere to EVN MOU
- •New EVN JIVE agreement on some of these issues
- And representation in the Council
- •Complicated for a number of countries
- Have multiple telescopes
- Participate in multiple networks
- No EVN operations or maintenance funds (yet)
- MOU with NWO arranges personnel status, even during transition
- •]IVE maintains reserves to cover personnel risks
- Director has employer status
- •Working with ASTRON MT on homogeneous local practices
- Most staff has science time
- •Local scenery attractive for some scientists
- •Well positioned to apply for relevant R&D projects
- •Less so for personal grants

ERIC at work...

- For a start, it came with a 5 year commitment
 - From most partners
- VAT saving is substantial
- Partnerships
 - Latvia was very determined to join
 - South Africa could become a Member • Important to the EC
 - Italy back on track to join ERIC?
- Join forces with other ERICs/RIs
 - Discussion on financial, managerial issues
 - Looking for a common review principles
 - Open science etc..
- Attractive partner for EC projects
 - seen as a European radio astronomy entity?









Projects

Operations: most crucial

- Is the RadioNet EVN transnational access program!
 - Based on making available fraction of EVN observing
 - Which is an enormous joint investments
- Makes the EVN accessible by adaptive support
 - Preferred over making the perfect black box

R&D efforts are supported

- BlackHoleCam support user software EHT
- ASTERICS support development of data handling
- RadioNet::RINGS to develop fringe fitting
- Jumping JIVE: Sched, Geodesy capabilities, telescope support
- BRAND-EVN future digital receiver
- SKA-NL contributes to SADT and VLBI@SKA

Policy development and outreach

- Some elements in RadioNet
- Very strongly supported by JUMPING JIVE
 - Advertise JIVE as an attractive partner
 - Prepare for Global VLBI





Governance: appropriate and future proof?

• Consortium + Institute structure has served us well

- Easy to enter collaboration
- Stable central operations
- Maintained distributed expertise and user community
- Funding commitments not very visible
- Frustrating for most efficient operations and R&D

• ERIC transition

- Labels EVN+]IVE an excellent European RI
- Can be used for more centralisation
- More visible to policy makers
- Can engage with international partners

• Future: Global VLBI in the SKA era

- ERIC good vehicle for entering global collaborations
- Will be looking for operational engagement with SKA and other partners







Ready for the future

• Much more VLBI to support

- Can support correlation with SKA1_Mid or African VLBI Network • Correlation, but that is no longer the key operation
- (Adaptive) User Services and
- Data curation will be key
 - Quality control & calibration
- Especially for future, SKA users
 - Support Global VLBI array that is on-call
 - •For transients
 - And commensal observation
 - •Or time-critical space applications

• Start thinking about formal Global Network arrangement!

- Other roles for JIVE?
 - Smaller countries may be looking for SKA link
 - EC may want to give access to SKA



ry Long Baseline Int

38 York U., Toronto, 3





SKA1-MID: phased array core; form multiple beams

Matching resources: 30-100m telescopes













Max-Planck-Institut für Radioastronomie















